
NI-9230

Specifications

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NI-9230 Specifications

Definitions

Warranted specifications describe the performance of a model under stated operating conditions and are covered by the model warranty.

Characteristics describe values that are relevant to the use of the model under stated operating conditions but are not covered by the model warranty.

- **Typical** specifications describe the performance met by a majority of models.
- **Nominal** specifications describe an attribute that is based on design, conformance testing, or supplemental testing.

Specifications are **Typical** unless otherwise noted.

Conditions

Specifications are valid for the range -40 °C to 70 °C unless otherwise noted.

NI-9230 Overview

In this article, the NI-9230 with screw terminal and NI-9230 with BNC are referred to inclusively as the NI-9230. The information in this document applies to all versions of the NI-9230 unless otherwise specified.

Related information:

- [Software Support for CompactRIO, CompactDAQ, Single-Board RIO, R Series, and EtherCAT](#)

Input Characteristics

| | |
|--|--|
| Number of channels | 3 analog input channels |
| ADC resolution | 24 bits |
| Type of ADC | Delta-Sigma (with analog prefiltering) |
| Sampling mode | Simultaneous |
| Type of TEDS supported | IEEE 1451.4 TEDS Class I |
| TEDS capacitive drive | 3000 pF |
| Internal master timebase (f_M) | |
| Frequency | 13.1072 MHz |
| Accuracy | ± 100 ppm |
| Data rate range (f_s) using internal master timebase | |
| Minimum | 0.985 kS/s |
| Maximum | 12.8 kS/s |
| Data rate range (f_s) using external master timebase | |
| Minimum | 0.977 kS/s |

| | |
|---------|------------|
| Maximum | 12.84 kS/s |
|---------|------------|

Figure 1. Data Rates (f_s)

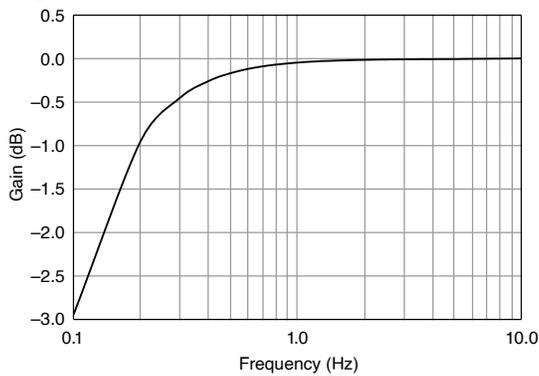
$$\frac{f_M}{2 \times m \times n}$$

where

- for $m = 64, n = 9$ to 25
- for $m = 128, n = 5$ to 25
- for $m = 256, n = 2$ to 26

| | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Input coupling | AC/DC (software-selectable) |
| AC cutoff frequency | |
| -3 dB | 0.1 Hz |
| -0.1 dB | 0.87 Hz maximum |

Figure 2. AC Cutoff Frequency Response



| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| DC voltage input range | |
| Minimum | ± 30.87 V |

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Typical | ± 31.5 V |
| Maximum | ± 32.13 V |
| AC voltage full-scale range^[1] | |
| Minimum | ± 30.87 V peak |
| Typical | ± 31.5 V peak |
| Maximum | ± 32.13 V peak |
| Channel-to-channel common-mode voltage range (AI- to AI-) | ± 1 V maximum |
| IEPE excitation current (software-selectable on/off) | |
| Minimum | 4 mA |
| Typical | 4.25 mA |
| IEPE excitation noise | 100 nA rms |
| IEPE compliance voltage | 22 V minimum |

If you are using an IEPE sensor, use the following equation to make sure your configuration meets the IEPE compliance voltage range.

Figure 3. IEPE Compliance Voltage Range

$$(0.67 \times V_{\text{common-mode}} + V_{\text{bias}} \pm V_{\text{full-scale}})$$

where

- $V_{\text{common-mode}}$ is the channel-to-channel common-mode voltage across two or more channels
- V_{bias} is the bias voltage of the IEPE sensor
- $V_{\text{full-scale}}$ is the full-scale voltage of the IEPE sensor



Note This equation must resolve to 0 V to 22 V.

| IEPE fault detection ^[2] | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Short circuit | $V_{AI} < 1.5 \text{ V}$ |
| Open loop | $V_{AI} > 24 \text{ V}$ |
| Oversvoltage protection | $\pm 45 \text{ V}$ for a low impedance source connected between any two terminals |
| Input delay | |
| 64x decimation | $30/f_s + 3.0 \mu\text{s}$ |
| 128x decimation | $29/f_s + 3.0 \mu\text{s}$ |
| 256x decimation | $28/f_s + 3.0 \mu\text{s}$ |

Table 1. Accuracy

| Measurement Conditions | | Percent of Reading (Gain Error) | Percent of Range ^[3] (Offset Error) ^[4] |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Calibrated | Maximum (-40 °C to 70 °C) | ±0.60% | ±0.23% |
| | Typical (23 °C, ±5 °C) | ±0.10% | ±0.023% |
| Uncalibrated ^[5] | Maximum (-40 °C to 70 °C) | ±1.50% | ±0.59% |
| | Typical (23 °C, ±5 °C) | ±0.40% | ±0.12% |

| Stability | |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Gain drift | ±25 ppm/°C |
| Offset drift (DC coupled) | ±320 µV/°C |

Table 2. Gain Matching (Calibrated)

| Frequency Band | 20 Hz to 5.12 kHz | |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Typical | Maximum |
| Channel-to-channel | 25 mdB | 120 mdB |

Table 3. Phase Matching (Maximum)

| Frequency Band | 20 Hz to 5.12 kHz |
|--------------------|--|
| Channel-to-channel | $(0.022^\circ/\text{kHz} \times f_{in}) + 0.045^\circ$ |
| Module-to-module | $(0.022^\circ/\text{kHz} \times f_{in}) + 0.045^\circ + (360^\circ \times f_{in} / f_M)$ |

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Passband frequency | $0.4 \cdot f_s$ |
|--------------------|-----------------|

Table 4. Flatness (Peak-to-Peak)

| Frequency Band | 20 Hz to 5.12 kHz |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Typical | 70 mdB |
| Maximum | 75 mdB |

Table 5. Phase Nonlinearity (Maximum)

| Frequency Band | 20 Hz to 5.12 kHz |
|----------------|-------------------|
| AC Coupled | 0.31° |
| DC Coupled | 0.025° |

| Stopband | |
|---|--|
| Frequency | $0.5 \cdot f_s$ |
| Rejection | 120 dB |
| Alias-free bandwidth | $0.4 \cdot f_s$ |
| Oversample rate | $64 \cdot f_s$, $128 \cdot f_s$, and $256 \cdot f_s$ |
| Rejection at oversample rate ^[6] | |
| $f_s = 10.24 \text{ kS/s}$ | 95 dB at 1.311 MHz |
| $f_s = 12.8 \text{ kS/s}$ | 118 dB at 3.277 MHz |
| Crosstalk ($f_{in} = 1 \text{ kHz}$) | -125 dB |
| CMRR | |

| | |
|---|----------|
| Channel-to-channel ($f_{in} \leq 1$ kHz) | 56 dB |
| Channel-to-earth ($f_{in} = 60$ Hz) | 107 dB |
| SFDR ($f_{in} = 1$ kHz, -60 dBFS) | |
| $f_s = 12.8$ kS/s | 122 dBFS |
| $f_s = 11.38$ kS/s | 118 dBFS |
| $f_s = 10.24$ kS/s | 120 dBFS |

Table 6. Input Noise

| Data Rate | 12.8 kS/s | 11.38 kS/s | 10.24 kS/s |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| AC coupled | 106 μ V RMS | 169 μ V RMS | 117 μ V RMS |
| DC coupled | 97 μ V RMS | 164 μ V RMS | 111 μ V RMS |

Table 7. Dynamic range ($f_{in} = 1$ kHz, -60 dBFS)

| Data Rate | 12.8 kS/s | 11.38 kS/s | 10.24 kS/s |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| AC coupled | 106 dBFS | 102 dBFS | 106 dBFS |
| DC coupled | 107 dBFS | 103 dBFS | 106 dBFS |

| Input impedance | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Differential | 324 k Ω |
| AI- to isolated ground | 50 Ω |

Table 8. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

| Input Amplitude | 1 kHz |
|-----------------|--------|
| -10.5424 dBFS | -95 dB |
| -20 dBFS | -95 dB |

| Intermodulation distortion (-10.5424 dBFS) | |
|--|--------|
| DIN 50 Hz/1 kHz4:1 amplitude ratio | -80 dB |
| CCIF 3.5 kHz/4 kHz1:1 amplitude ratio | -95 dB |

Power Requirements

| Power consumption from chassis | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Active mode | 1 W maximum |
| Sleep mode | 25 μ W maximum |
| Thermal dissipation (at 70 °C) | |
| Active mode | 1 W maximum |
| Active mode (BNC variant) | 1.5 W maximum |
| Sleep mode | 25 μ W maximum |

Physical Characteristics

| Screw-terminal wiring | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Gauge | 0.05 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (30 AWG to 14 AWG) copper conductor wire |
| Wire strip length | 6 mm (0.24 in.) of insulation stripped from the end |
| Temperature rating | 90 °C, minimum |
| Torque for screw terminals | 0.22 N · m to 0.25 N · m (1.95 lb · in. to 2.21 lb · in.) |
| Wires per screw terminal | One wire per screw terminal; two wires per screw terminal using a 2-wire ferrule |
| Ferrules | 0.25 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² |
| Connector securement | |
| Securement type | Screw flanges provided |
| Torque for screw flanges | 0.2 N · m (1.80 lb · in.) |
| Dimensions | Visit ni.com/dimensions and search by module number. |
| Weight | |
| NI-9230 with screw terminal | 142 g (5.0 oz) |

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| NI-9230 with BNC | 159 g (5.6 oz) |
|------------------|----------------|

Safety Voltages

Connect only voltages that are within the following limits.

| Isolation | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Channel-to-channel | None |
| Channel-to-earth ground | |
| Continuous | 60 V DC, Measurement Category I |
| Withstand | 1,000 V RMS, verified by a 5 s dielectric withstand test |

Measurement Category I



Warning Do not connect the product to signals or use for measurements within Measurement Categories II, III, or IV, or for measurements on MAINS circuits or on circuits derived from Overvoltage Category II, III, or IV which may have transient overvoltages above what the product can withstand. The product must not be connected to circuits that have a maximum voltage above the continuous working voltage, relative to earth or to other channels, or this could damage and defeat the insulation. The product can only withstand transients up to the transient overvoltage rating without breakdown or damage to the insulation. An analysis of the working voltages, loop impedances, temporary overvoltages, and transient overvoltages in the system must be conducted prior to making measurements.



Mise en garde Ne pas connecter le produit à des signaux dans les

catégories de mesure II, III ou IV et ne pas l'utiliser pour des mesures dans ces catégories, ou des mesures sur secteur ou sur des circuits dérivés de surtensions de catégorie II, III ou IV pouvant présenter des surtensions transitoires supérieures à ce que le produit peut supporter. Le produit ne doit pas être raccordé à des circuits ayant une tension maximale supérieure à la tension de fonctionnement continu, par rapport à la terre ou à d'autres voies, sous peine d'endommager et de compromettre l'isolation. Le produit peut tomber en panne et son isolation risque d'être endommagée si les tensions transitoires dépassent la surtension transitoire nominale. Une analyse des tensions de fonctionnement, des impédances de boucle, des surtensions temporaires et des surtensions transitoires dans le système doit être effectuée avant de procéder à des mesures.

Measurement Category I is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to the electrical distribution system referred to as **MAINS** voltage. MAINS is a hazardous live electrical supply system that powers equipment. This category is for measurements of voltages from specially protected secondary circuits. Such voltage measurements include signal levels, special equipment, limited-energy parts of equipment, circuits powered by regulated low-voltage sources, and electronics.



Note Measurement Categories CAT I and CAT O are equivalent. These test and measurement circuits are for other circuits not intended for direct connection to the MAINS building installations of Measurement Categories CAT II, CAT III, or CAT IV.

Environmental Characteristics

| Temperature | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Operating | -40 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | |

| | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Operating | 10% RH to 90% RH, noncondensing | |
| Storage | 5% RH to 95% RH, noncondensing | |
| Ingress protection | IP40 | |
| Pollution Degree | 2 | |
| Maximum altitude | 5,000 m | |
| Shock and Vibration | | |
| Operating vibration | | |
| Random | 5 g RMS, 10 Hz to 500 Hz | |
| Sinusoidal | 5 g, 10 Hz to 500 Hz | |
| Operating shock | 30 g, 11 ms half sine; 50 g, 3 ms half sine; 18 shocks at 6 orientations | |

To meet these shock and vibration specifications, you must panel mount the system.

Calibration

You can obtain the calibration certificate and information about calibration services for the NI-9230 at ni.com/calibration.

| | |
|----------------------|--------|
| Calibration interval | 1 year |
|----------------------|--------|